#### Mrs Daisytop's Flowers

One day Mrs Daisytop was looking at her healthy flowers.





She is happy that they are growing well.

Three days later after no rain Mrs

Daisytop's plant looked sad.

The petals had drooped.

The leaves were turning brown.

The stem was starting to break.





What should we do to help Mrs Daisytop's sunflower get strong and healthy again?

Does the plant need water or no water?





Does the plant need light or dark?





That's right! With lots of light, water and love Mrs Daisytop's sunflower will look

happy again.



#### Mrs Daisytop's Flowers - Oral Teacher Questions

- What type of flower is Mrs Daisytop growing? (AF2) Sunflower
- Name the two main things plants need to stay healthy. (AF2) Water and light.
- Can you name three things that happened to Mrs Daisytop's plant? (AF2) Petals, leaves and stem started to die.
- What do you think would have happened if the plant did NOT get any water? (AF3) Died
- What time of year do we try and grow sunflowers? (AF3) Spring and summer.
- What sort of face is on the last flower picture? (AF6) Happy
- Why do you think this is? (AF3) Any positive answer relating to flowers getting the correct amount of light and water.
- What do you think we might grow a sunflower in? (AF3) Any answers with soil.



Mrs Daisytop's Flowers — Follow-Up Work
What type of flower is Mrs Daisytop growing? (AF2)
Name the two main things plants need to stay healthy. (AF2)
Can you name three things that happened to Mrs Daisytop's plant? (AF2)
What do you think would have happened if the plant did NOT get any water? (AF3)
What time of year do we try and grow sunflowers? (AF3)
What sort of face is on the last flower picture? (AF6)
Why do you think this is? (AF3)
What do you think we might grow a sunflower in? (AF3)



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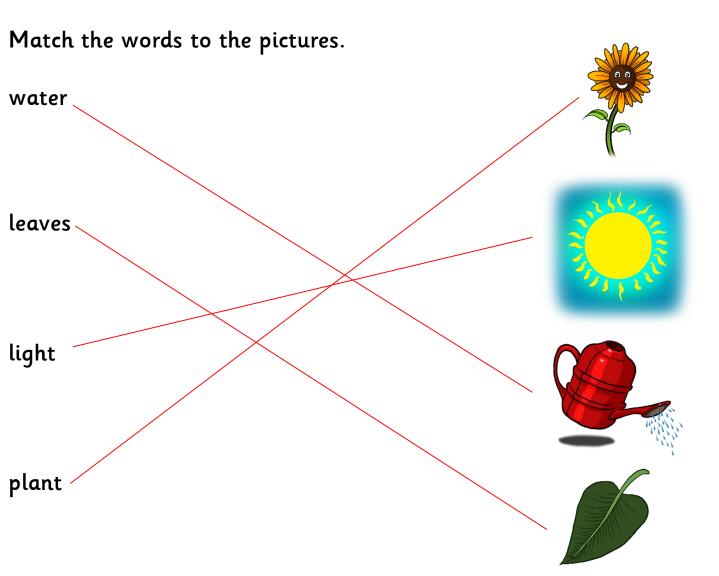
#### Mrs Daisytop's Flowers - Vocab 1

Match the words to the pictures. water	
leaves	
light	
plant	
Write the meaning of these words.	
healthy	
growing	
petals	

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#### Mrs Daisytop's Flowers - Vocab 1



Write the meaning of these words.

healthy – something that is growing to be strong
growing – becoming taller and able to do more things
petals – part of a flowering plant





Some of the letters have got mixed up!

Can you put ther	n back in the right order to spell	the words:
lpatn		
ighlt		
tsme		
teawr		



evaesl

Some of the letters have got mixed up!

Can you put them back in the right order to spell the words?

lpatn plant

ighlt light

tsme stem

teawr water

evaesl leaves



Write these sentences with full stops and capital letters.
a plant will not grow in a dark place
a plant needs water to grow healthy
the water in rain will also help flowers grow big and strong
the stem supports the plant from its roots to the flower head
a plant needs lights to grow



Write these sentences with full stops and capital letters.

A plant will not grow in a dark place.

A plant needs water to grow healthy.

The water in rain will also help flowers grow big and strong.

The stem supports the plant from its roots to the flower head.

A plant needs light to grow.



#### Classroom Secrets Codes for New Curriculum Reading Expectations Comprehension C1 Discuss word meanings, making links to known vocabulary Year 1 C2 Raise simple questions about texts they read and that are read to them C3 Answer simple, information retrieval questions about texts Drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the C4 teacher Year 2 Listening to, discussing and expressing views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, C<sub>5</sub> stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently C6 Discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related Explaining the meaning of words in context **C7** C3 Asking questions to improve their understanding of a text Year 3/4 **C8** Identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning C9 Retrieve and record information from non-fiction **C7** Explains and explores the meaning of words in context **C8** Identifies main ideas C10 Identifies language, structural and presentational features of texts Year 5/6 C9 Retrieve and record information from non-fiction C11 Makes comparisons within the text C12 Distinguishes between fact and opinion Predictions and Making Inferences PMI1 With support can link own experiences to what they read Year 1 PMI2 Make predictions about reading from title and front cover and what has been read so far PMI3 Making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done PMI4 Year 2 Answering and asking questions PMI2 Predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far PMI5 Recognising simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry Year 3/4 PMI6 Discussing their favourite words and phrases PMI2 Predicts what might happen from details stated and implied PMI3 Year 5/6 Makes inferences from the text PMI7 Explains inferences and justifies them with evidence from the text Summarising Year 1 **S**1 Link title to key events in a text Year 2 **S2** Checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading Listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction, reference books or Year 3/4 textbooks **S4** Identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising **S4** Summarises the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph Year 5/6 **S4** Identifies key details that support the main ideas Language for Effect Year 1 LE1 Recognise and join in with predictable phrase. LE2 Recognising simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry Year 2 LE3 Discussing their favourite words and phrases LE4 Discussing and clarifying the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary LE4 Using dictionaries to check the meaning of words Year 3/4 Preparing poems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through LE<sub>5</sub> intonation, tone, volume and action Identifies and/or comments on writers' use of words, phrases and language features including Year 5/6 LE6 figurative language Themes and Conventions TC1 Retell familiar stories, fairy stories, traditional tales and rhymes Year 1 TC2 Can talk about some of the key features of above texts

Becoming increasingly familiar with and retelling a wider range of stories, fairy stories and traditional

Being introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways

Discusses/comments on themes and conventions in different genres and forms

Reading books that are structured in different ways

Identifying themes and conventions in a wide range of books

Identifies the themes and conventions of a range of texts

TC1

TC4

TC4

TC5

TC5

TC2

tales

Year 2

Year 3/4

Year 5/6